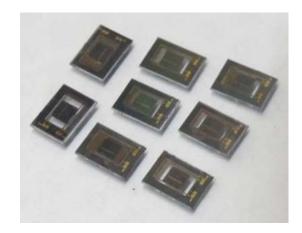
Name of the Lab: CSIR-CEERI, Pilani

Date: 13-05-2019

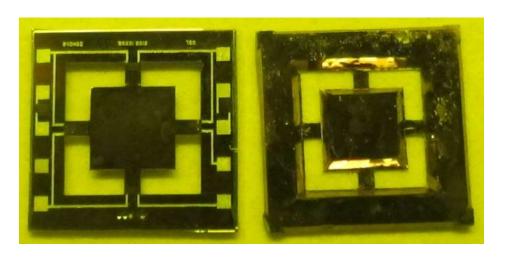
1	Title of Technology	MEMS-based Accelerometer
	(Product/Process/Design/Equipment)	
2	IPR Status	The process/technology know-how document is with (for validation):
	Patent/Copyright/Trademark	Semi-Conductor Laboratory-
	Secured in India/Abroad	Mohali (SCL-Mohali)
	IPR Details	
3	Application/Uses/Problem being	Strategic Sector
	addressed	
4	Salient Technical Features including	See Specifications: Annexure-I
	Competing Features	
5	Level/ Scale of Development (Please	TRL-5
	mention TRL rating as per attached	
	guideline)	
6	Environmental Considerations, if any	See Specifications
7	Status of Commercialization	It is being planned with SCL
8	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	Silicon MEMS technology
9	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery	Common semiconductor clean
	Required	room equipment with DRIE (Deep
		Reactive Ion Etching) system
10	Techno-Economics	Have potential for import
		substitution
11	Technology Package	Process/technology know-how
		development and documentation
12	Contact Details	Director, CSIR-CEERI, Pilani
13	Photographs (please provide high	Please see below:
	quality photographs of proof of	
	concept & validation)	

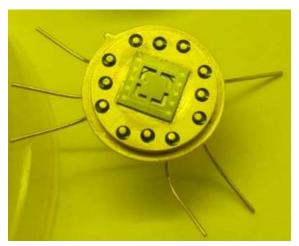
# **Development of MEMS-based Accelerometer**



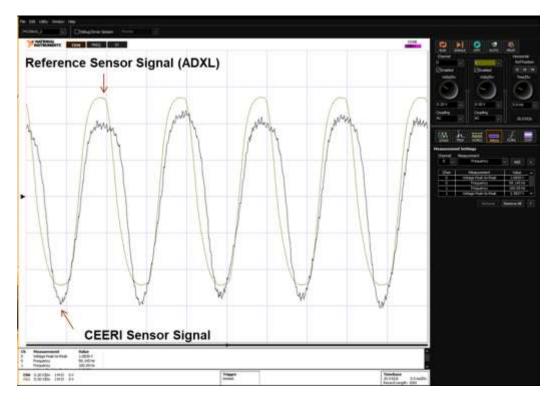


Fabricated Accelerometer Sensors (3" wafer & diced chips)

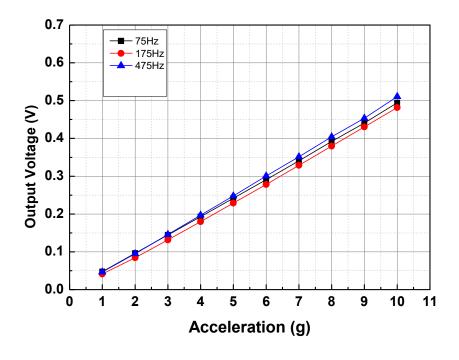




Fabricated accelerometer sensor (Top & Bottom view; TO header package)



Low-g (± 4g) sensitivity ~ 75 mV/V/g with amplification @ 100 Hz



Acceleration (g) vs. Output Voltage (V) (± 15g)

# **Annexure-I: Major Specifications**

Accelerometer range	± 4g (standard)	± 15g (standard)
Shock survival	± 50g	± 100g
Bias voltage	5 V	5 V
Non-linearity	1% of FS	1% of FS
Sensitivity	~ 75 mV/V/g (with amplification)	~ 10 mV/V/g (with amplification)
Cross-axis sensitivity	< 5% of FS	< 5% of FS
Transduction mechanism	Piezoresistive	Piezoresistive
Bandwidth	DC – 100 Hz	DC - 500 Hz
Resolution	10 mg	100 mg
Temperature	-20 to 85 °C	-20 to 85 °C

# **Accelerometer Module**



Name of the Lab: CSIR-CEERI, Pilani

Date: 13-5-2019

1	Title of Technology	Acoustic milk analyser
	(Product/Process/Design/Equipment)	
2	IPR Status	Under patent in India
	<ul> <li>Patent/Copyright/Trademark</li> </ul>	
	Secured in India/Abroad	
	IPR Details	
3	Application/Uses/Problem being	Milk composition measurement at
	addressed	milk collection centres
4	Salient Technical Features including	The rapid milk analyzer is based on
	Competing Features	sensor fusion technology i.e. IR and
		ultrasonic methods. The system can
		check fat content, protein, lactose
		and water content in milk within 30-
		35sec.
		It is green technology and does not
		use any chemical for measurement of
		above parameters.
5	Level/ Scale of Development (Please	TRL5 asper the internal TRL
	mention TRL rating as per attached	committe
	guideline)	
6	Environmental Considerations, if any	No
7	Status of Commercialization	Technology transfer agreement has
		been signed with M/s Rajasthan
		Electronics and Instrument Limited,
		Jaipur
8	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	NA

9	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery	NA
	Required	
10	Techno-Economics	There are around 5 lakh collection
		centres and these systems can be
		used at each collection centre.
11	Technology Package	Hardware and software Packages
12	Contact Details	Dr. PC Panchariya
		Sr. Principal Scientist
		Signal Analytics Group
		CSIR-CEERI, Pilani
		Email: pcp@ceeri.res.in
		Mobile:9414743122
13	Photographs (please provide high quality photographs of proof of concept & validation)	

Name of the Lab: CSIR-CEERI, Pilani

Date: 13-5-2019

1	Title of Technology	Handheld milk fat Tester
	(Product/Process/Design/Equipment)	
2	IPR Status	Under patent in India
	<ul> <li>Patent/Copyright/Trademark</li> </ul>	
	Secured in India/Abroad	
	IPR Details	
3	Application/Uses/Problem being	Milk fat check at home
	addressed	
4	Salient Technical Features including	The handheld milk fat tester is
	Competing Features	specially designed for domestic
		usages. The meter can measure fat
		content in milk. Measures fat content
		from 0-7% with the accuracy of +/-
		0.3%. The measurement time is 20-
		25 sec.
		It is based on NIR spectroscopy
		principle.
5	Level/ Scale of Development (Please	TRL5
	mention TRL rating as per attached	
	guideline)	
6	Environmental Considerations, if any	No
7	Status of Commercialization	Technology transfer agreement has
		been signed with M/s Rajasthan
		Electronics and Instrument Limited,
		Jaipur
8	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	NA

9	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery	NA
	Required	
10	Techno-Economics	There are around households in India: ~24.5 Crore and out of which the Urban household are 6.5 Crore. Therefore, there can be possibility of 65 lakh units by considering the 10% urban households.
11	Technology Package	Hardware and software Packages
12	Contact Details	Dr. PC Panchariya Sr. Principal Scientist Signal Analytics Group CSIR-CEERI, Pilani Email: pcp@ceeri.res.in Mobile:9414743122
13	Photographs (please provide high quality photographs of proof of concept & validation)	MILK FAT TESTER

1.	Title of Technology	Dual Energy X-ray Image Analysis Technique for Material Discrimination
2.	IPR Status Patent/Copyright/Trademark Secured in India/Abroad IPR Details	The technology know-how was transferred to:  M/s. Krystalvision Image Systems Pvt. Ltd., Pune, Maharashtra. on Exclusive basis
3.	Application/Uses/Problem being addressed	<ul> <li>Market Applications</li> <li>Security screening for airports, critical infrastructure, government offices, defence establishments, metro rail etc.</li> <li>Problems being addressed</li> <li>Checking of items in baggage</li> <li>Highlighting of prohibited items like guns, knives, narcotics, high density material, explosives</li> <li>Other uses</li> <li>To detect impurities in products like food packets, leather goods etc.</li> <li>To detect defects and blowholes in industrial parts</li> </ul>
4.	Salient Technical Features including Competing Features	<ul> <li>a) Determination of atomic number &amp; density of scanned material items</li> <li>b) 16-bit grey scale image data acquisition</li> <li>c) Dual-energy X-ray image fusion</li> <li>d) Based on atomic number, the material items are labelled and displayed as 3-color &amp; 6-color images</li> <li>e) Separate image processing functionalities are provided for density image, organic stripping, inorganic stripping and metal detection</li> <li>f) Display of density image</li> <li>g) High density alarm</li> <li>h) User-friendly graphical interface</li> <li>i) Hardware security enabled software</li> <li>j) Two identical material of similar thickness belonging to different categories can be segregated</li> </ul>
5.	Level/Scale of Development	Technology successfully commercialized by the entrepreneur M/s. Krystalvision Image Systems Pvt. Ltd., Pune, Maharashtra  [M/s.Krystalvision has success-fully]
		commercialized & installed about 24 numbers of X-ray baggage scanners incorporating CSIR- CEERI material

		discrimination software to many clients across the country during 2017-2018]
6.	Environmental Considerations, if any	None
7.	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	N/A
8.	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery Required	Manufacturing facility that includes - fabrication, electrical assembly, electronic assembly and software development infrastructure and resources
		Atomic Energy Regulatory Board approval for production, AERB certified lab, people and equipment.
9.	Techno-Economics (Broad)	N/A
10.	Technology Package (IPR, Process etc.)	Technology know-how document
11.	Photographs (please provide high quality photographs of proof of concept & validation)	As shown below



Dual energy X-ray baggage scanner

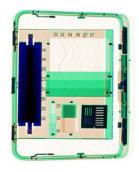


X-ray material discrimination software integrated with baggage scanner

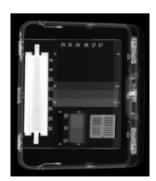
## **Dual-energy image processing results**



Fused image of Combined Test Piece (CTP)



3-Color image of CTP



Density image of CTP

Name of the Lab: CSIR CEERI

Date: 10/05/2019

	TP'41 C TP 1 1	
1	Title of Technology (Product/Process/Design/Equipment)	IoT enabled Smart Solar Tree Product
2	<ul> <li>IPR Status</li> <li>Patent/Copyright/Trad emark</li> <li>Secured in India/Abroad</li> <li>IPR Details</li> </ul>	In preparation
3	Application/Uses/Problem being addressed	The use of solar Photovoltaic (PV) technology is increasing rapidly owing to the huge demand for energy especially in the urban areas. Solar PV installations require approximately 8-10 m² of land per kW of installation. In order to meet the energy demands of the urban dwellings, there is a dire need for a solution with high energy density. In addition, with the large scale grid integration of renewable energy sources, grid stability has become an issue. Hence, it is desirable to achieve a relatively uniform energy generation from solar PV installations throughout the year. Also, due to the large transmission losses and curtailment, there is a need to move toward decentralized energy generation.  Solar tree offers an attractive solution to decentralized power generation with the feasibility to tune the annual solar power generation curve as per the requirement. Commercially available solar tree are not optimally designed and are said to have large shading losses of 20-30%. Solar tree is developed as a decentralized energy generating unit that can find application in a multitude of areas like smart cities, agricultural lands, border security areas, highways and so on for distributed sensing, surveillance and other application specific requirement.
4	Salient Technical Features including Competing Features	The novel indigenous solar tree is optimized for each geographical location with extremely low shading losses (<2%) <sup>1</sup> . Conventional solar installation are usually done at latitude tilt orientation facing south for locations in the northern hemisphere and vice versa.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sumon Dey, Madan Kumar Lakshmanan, Bala Pesala," Optimal Solar Tree Design for Increased Flexibility in Seasonal Energy Extraction," Renewable Energy, 125, pp 1038-1048 (2018). https://doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2018.02.017

		However, studies have shown that based on actual solar insolation pattern for a location, latitude tilt might not be the optimal orientation. Also, surface azimuth angle must be considered while deciding on the orientations. Therefore, design of solar tree is based on actual solar insolation data driven approach to optimize the orientation of solar panels.  In addition, multi-objective optimization is carried out to ensure low structural cost while maintaining the energy output of the solar tree. The solar tree is designed to withstand a wind speed of 150 kmph. An additional novelty of the developed solar trees is the integration of IoT framework for continuous performance monitoring, environmental parameters, pollution monitoring (Temperature, Humidity, CO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> etc.), and cameras for security and surveillance. IoT enabled solar trees is an excellent platform for Smart cities. In addition, the inherent decentralized power generation capabilities of the solar tree along with integrated LED lighting, Wi-Fi, mobile charging makes it an attractive solution for smart villages. IoT enabled solar tree can also cater to the needs of the agricultural community in providing electricity for solar powered agricultural pumps and IoT enabled features can enable precision agriculture, ubiquitous soil health monitoring and smart fencing.
5	Level/ Scale of Development (Please mention TRL rating as per attached guideline)	TRL 5 (CEERI), the commercializing industry has developed the technology further to TRL>6 CSIR-CEERI has developed and installed two 500 W IoT ready smart solar tree at CSIR-CEERI, Pilani. Compared to the commercial designs where shading losses are as high as 30%, the designed solar tree reduces the shading losses to less than 5%. The designed solar tree has ground footprint of only 0.25 m².  Also, a 3 kW solar tree has been installed at CSIR-CEERI, Chennai for integration with electric vehicle charging station and performance comparison with commercially available solar tree. The 3 kW solar tree occupies a ground footprint area of only 1 m² and is estimated to produce 5-6 MWh of energy per annum.
6	Environmental Considerations, if any	The solar trees are installed at CSIR-CEERI, Pilani in Sep. 2017. The solar tree is operational till date. A full scale 3 kW <sub>p</sub> solar tree consisting of 10 number of 300 W solar panels has been installed at CSIR-CEERI,

7	Status of Commercialization	Chennai done in April 2019. Detailed performance testing of the prototype is currently going on. The design of solar tree is such that shading losses are minimal during peak insolation periods.  The developed product is environmental friendly and hold potential to mitigate the effects of global warming by reducing carbon footprints. A 3 kW solar tree is estimated to produce 5-6 MWh of energy per annum leading to ~ 4000 kgCO <sub>2e</sub> of carbon emission savings. The technology will act as an enabler in fulfilling the national solar targets of 100 GW by 2022.  The IoT enabled solar tree design for Rajasthan has been non-exclusively transferred to M/s. Star Rising
8	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	Private Limited.  The solar tree consists of multiple solar panels oriented in different directions. The structure of the solar tree is made up of mild steel. The solar panels are mounted on an assembly for manual adjustment of solar panel orientations. The battery bank and inverters are housed in a box. The IoT module is developed using raspberry pi which acts as a server for data collection from various sensors.
9	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery Required	The solar panels are connected to individual maximum power point trackers (MPPT) which are connected to the battery. Inverter connected to the battery converts the DC power to AC and is used as supply to various loads connected to the system as shown in Figure 1. Solar tree integrated with IoT hardware is capable of real-time pollution monitoring and security surveillance.    MPPT Charge Controller (Rating:100 W)   Power Supply (35 W)   Ratiod Charge and Current   Measurement Unit   Wi Fi Router   LED Light   Display   Light   L

10	Techno-Economics	The solar tree system offers huge savings in terms of land use which can be utilized for other useful purposes. This high energy density power source (3 kW/m²) costs <1.5 lakh/kW. The solar tree along with the IoT feature can be a suitable solution for decentralized power generation at places where there is space crunch.
11	Technology Package	The solar tree consists of solar panels, structure for the solar tree, power electronics components and various IoT sensors for real time solar tree performance monitoring and for monitoring various environmental parameters.
12	Contact Details	Dr. Bala Pesala Principal Scientist, CSIR-CEERI Email: balapesala@gmail.com Ph. No.: 044-2254-4589
13	Photographs (please provide high quality photographs of proof of concept & validation)	Figure 2 and Figure 3 show the installed 500 W solar tree and 3 kW solar installed at CSIR-CEERI, Pilani and Chennai respectively.  Figure 2. 500 W solar tree at CSIR-CEERI, Pilani  Figure 3. 3 kW solar tree installed at CSIR-CEERI, Chennai  Figure 4. Remote monitoring dashboard  Figure 5. Actual and predicted power output from solar tree over a day

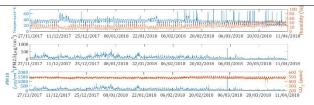


Figure 6. Environmental parameters collected over a period of 4 months

Figure 4 shows the dashboard displaying the solar tree performance, security surveillance camera and the environmental parameters. **Error! Reference source not found.** shows the performance of 500 W solar tree over a day. The experimental results match well with that of predicted results using analytical calculation. The power generated by the solar tree on a particular day is predicted based on data obtained from Meteonorm database. The trend of the predicted and actual power generation is similar over a day. The deviations in the power level are due to fluctuations in the solar irradiance. Figure 6 shows environmental data collected over a period of 4 months.

Name of the Lab: CSIR-CEERI

Date: 14-05-2019

1	Title of Technology	Thick Film hotplate Integrated
	(Product/Process/Design/Equipment)	Microfarming Unit
3	IPR Status      Patent/Copyright/Trademark     Secured in India/Abroad IPR Details  Application/Uses/Problem being addressed	S.K. Bhatnagar, W. Gust, P.K. Khanna, E.J. Mittemeijer, S. Sommadossi, A process for preparation of metallic paste and its use in diffusion soldering, Patent No. 224578 granted on 18.10.2008, Country: INDIA  Thick Film hotplate Integrated Microfarming Unit: Microfarming is a technique to grow tiny plants. These plants are source for providing required nutrients and water content to the Jawans of Indian Army (Fenugreek , Chinese Radish , Moong , Cabbage) Certificate of Successful demonstration shown below:    Separate   Control of the Contro
4	Salient Technical Features including	Parameter Specifications
	Competing Features	Hotplate Thick film Technology to be

		be maintained	
		inside unit	
		Hotplate 70-90 °C	
		Temperature	
		Operating 12 V DC	
		Voltage	
		Customization To be customized	
		for microfarming	
		application in	
		high altitude cold	
5	Level/Scale of Development ( <i>Please</i>	TRL -5 (Assessment by Internal TRL cte.	
3	·		
	mention TRL rating as per attached	of CSIR-CEERI)	
	guideline)		
6	Environmental Considerations, if any	These developed hotplates are rugged	
		and reliable. They are suitable for high	
		altitude and cold climatic conditions.	
		They have societal as well as strategic	
		applications	
7	Status of Commercialization	Two Units of hotplate integrated	
		microfarming unit disseminated at	
		DRDO-DIHAR, Leh and Changla. Amount	
		of Rs. 10 lakhs approx. received.	
8	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	1. Screen Meshes	
		2. Screen Forming Materials	
		3. Screen Cleaning Materials	
		4. Potting Compounds	
		5. Alumina Substrates	
		6. LTCC Tapes	
		7. Different Inks for patterning	
		8. Diamond Tools	
		9. Wires, Leads	
		10. Supplies	

		11. Batteries	
		12. Temperature & Humidity	
		Recorder	
		13. Temp Control Unit	
		·	
	Major Dlant Environment and Maskinson	14. Hotplate Holder	
9	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery	UV Exposure Unit	
	Required	2. Screen Frames	
		3. Screen Printer	
		4. Ovens	
		5. Furnace	
		6. Reflow Solder machine	
10	Techno-Economics	A project is economically feasible as the	
		expected benefits will accrue to the broad	
		community and are greater than the cost	
		of undertaking the project.	
		Thick Film technology is rugged and reliable.	
		It can withstand at extreme harsh weather	
		conditions. It is a low-cost substrate	
		technology. They has low production costs	
		for medium and large quantities. It is the	
		preferred substrate solution	
		High Temperature Exposure	
		Resistance	
		Environmental resistance over	
		extremes. Hotplates fabricated using this technology	
		can be customized for specific applications.	
11	Technology Package	Technology Package Includes:	
		♣ Know How Document	
12	Contact Details	Dr. Nikhil Suri	
		Advanced Packaging Group	
		CSIR-Central Electronics Engineering	

		Research Institute, Pilani-333031
13	Photographs (please provide high	Photographs Shown Below
	quality photographs of proof of concept & validation)	







Required temperature of 18-20°C was maintained inside the microfarming unit

Microfarming Unit







Plants Grown with the help of Hotplates

Hotplates arrangement inside the microfarming Unit

Name of the Lab: CSIR-CEERI, Pilani

Date: 13-5-2019

	I (	T.,
1	Title of Technology	Handheld milk adulteration Tester
	(Product/Process/Design/Equipment)	(Ksheer Tester)
2	IPR Status	Under patent in India
	Patent/Copyright/Trademark	
	Secured in India/Abroad	
	IPR Details	
3	Application/Uses/Problem being addressed	Adulteration check in milk at home
4	Salient Technical Features including Competing Features	System can check adulterants like urea, salt, detergent, caustic soda, ammonium sulphate etc. The system has applications in Domestic uses and limited milk sample testing. The system can check milk sample in 20-25 sec with
	1 1/0 1 (5)	no recurring cost (testing charge).
5	Level/ Scale of Development ( <i>Please</i> mention TRL rating as per attached guideline)	TRL6
6	Environmental Considerations, if any	No
7	Status of Commercialization	Technology transfer agreement has been signed with M/s Rajasthan Electronics and Instrument Limited, Jaipur
8	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	NA
9	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery Required	NA
10	Techno-Economics	As synthetic adulteration in milk has become a major health hazard for all sections of society - including children and elderly, the system will serve the cause of public health by mitigating these hazards. The impact on public health is therefore likely to be very significant. Also the system will spawn indigenous manufacture, marketing and deployment of systems thereby generating gainful employment and revenues. There are around households in India: ~24.5 Crore and out of which the

11 12	Technology Package Contact Details	Urban household are 6.5 Crore. Therefore, there can be possibility of 65 lakh units by considering the 10% urban households. Hardware and software Packages Dr. PC Panchariya Sr. Principal Scientist
		Signal Analytics Group CSIR-CEERI, Pilani Email: pcp@ceeri.res.in Mobile:9414743122
13	Photographs (please provide high quality photographs of proof of concept & validation)	RSHEER TESTER  Line Control Co



CEG Tower, B - 11 (G), Malviya Industrial Area, Jaipur - 302017, Rajasthan, INDIA Tel.: 91-141-4046599, Fax: 91-141-2751806 info@cegtesthouse.com | www.cegtesthouse.com CIN: U73100RJ2005PTC020304

№92981

### TEST REPORT

Format No.: QR/26 Revision No.: 03

epor	t No.: CEG/FA/17-18/12797, 12798,	, 12799 Date: 27		
1.	Name & Address of Customer	Director CSIR-CEERI Central Electronics Engineering Research Institute Pilani-333031 Rajasthan		
2.	Reference No.	Your TRF Dated 17.01.2017 (Reg. 1	No. 86203, 86202, 86201)	
3.	Material Identification with Details	KSHEER-TESTER: 1 Nos. Sample-A - Raw Milk: 500ml Sample-B - Packed Milk: 500ml×2 Nos		
4.	Source / Location	-		
5.	Date of Sample Receipt	17/01/2018		
6.	Date of Sample Tested	17/01/2018 to 19/01/2018		
7.	Sampled by /Condition of Sample	Customer / O.K.		
8.	Environmental Conditions:	Room Temperature (°C): - Relative Humidity (%): -		

#### RESULTS By Ksheer-Tester)

Sr.		Method of Test	Test Results				Unit
No.	Name of Test		Sample-A: R	Sample-A: Raw Milk		Sample-B: Packed Milk	
110.			Aduterated	Pure	Aduterated	Pure	
1	Detergent (0.2g)	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	-
2	Caustic Soda (0.2g)	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	-
3	Hydrogen peroxide	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	-
4	Boric Acid	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	-
5	Sodium bicarbonate (0.2g)	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	
6	Urea (0.1g)	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	-
7	Salt (0.2g)	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	-
8	Ammonium sulphate (0.2g)	By Ksheer-Tester	Fail	Pass	Fail	Pass	-

#### **RESULTS** (By Chemical Test)

Sr. No.	- Anthori		Test l		
	Name of Test	Method of Test	Sample-A: Raw Milk	Sample-B: Packed Milk	Unit
1	Detergent	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	-
2	Caustic Soda	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	-
3	Hydrogen peroxide	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	-
4	Boric Acid	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	-
5	Sodium bicarbonate	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	-
6	Urea	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	7=
7	Salt	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	-
8	Ammonium sulphate	FSSAI Lab Manual Milk and Milk Products - 2016	Absent	Absent	-

\*\* End of the Report\*\*

Page No. 1 of 1

#### Note:

- Total liability of this laboratory is limited to the invoiced amount.
- The results listed refer only to the tested sample and applicable parameters. Endorsement of Product is neither inferred nor implied.
- This Test Report shall not be reproduced wholly or in part and can not be used as an evidence in the court of law without written approval of M/S CEG TH & RC
- The sample will be stored up to one month (in case of nonperishable items only) from the date of issue of test report unless otherwise specified
- Sample(s) not drawn by M/S CEG TH & RC, unless specified in the report.



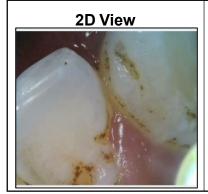
Name of the Lab: CSIR-CEERI

Date:

1	Title of Technology	Development of 3D Rigid and
	(Product/Process/Design/Equipment)	Flexible Endoscopes for Denture
		Examination (MLP0101)
2	IPR Status	
	<ul> <li>Patent/Copyright/Trademark</li> </ul>	
	Secured in India/Abroad	NIL
	IPR Details	
3	Application/Uses/Problem being	3D endoscope for dental
	addressed	<ul><li>examination.</li><li>Saving the 3D videos from the</li></ul>
		examination for future use, such
		as for follow-up exams or for consult with other Doctors.
		• Zooming the selected area for
		detailed, magnified view of dental and soft tissue structures
		in the mouth.
4	Salient Technical Features including	Live display of 2D/3D output
	Competing Features	<ul> <li>Patient database creation and retrieval</li> </ul>
		Sharing of patient database with
		other Doctors/Medical Practitioner
		Snapshot & Video storage in
		both 2D/3D format
		Zoom (2X) Feature in the
		selected area for detailed, magnified view
		Load and Display of stored
		patient data in form of images
		and videos
		Footswitch operated snapshot     capture
		capture

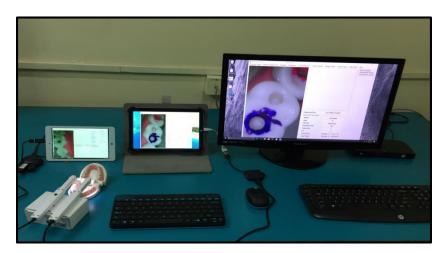
		Brightened View of Teeth		
5	Level/ Scale of Development ( <i>Please</i> mention TRL rating as per attached guideline)	TRL-06		
6	Environmental Considerations, if any	Works under normal environment		
7	Status of Commercialization	Technology will be transfer		
		through NRDC and we are also in		
		contact with some industries		
8	Major Raw Materials to be Utilized	Camera (for image acquisition),		
		White Led (for light illuminance)		
9	Major Plant Equipment and Machinery	PC or Tablet with Windows OS		
	Required	either (64 or 32 bit) and 3D screen		
		with 3D glasses for seeing 3D view		
10	Techno-Economics	3D endoscope for dental		
		application is not available at		
		national and international level.		
		Two versions are being developed.		
		First version gives a true stereo		
		view using two cameras whereas		
		the second version gives the		
		synthesized 3D view with depth		
		perception using only a single		
		camera, a unique idea, so that the		
		overall cost can be reduced.		
		Further, both the variants can also		
		be used as normal 2D endoscope.		
11	Technology Package	2D/3D display, patient database, 3D		
		image and video save		
12	Contact Details	J L Raheja		

**Chief Scientist Group Head: Control & Automation** Group **Scientist in-charge Project Management - PMBD CSIR-CEERI** Pilani - 333031 Ph. +911596245291 +91159625244 Fax: - +911596242294 Email:- jagdish.raheja.ceeri@gmail.com 13 Photographs (please provide high quality photographs of proof of **Dental Scope HD Prototype with poor LEDs** concept & validation) (0) Dental Scope FHD Prototype with additional **LEDs Light** 









2D View on Tablet

3D View on 3D Screen